

Lesson 1.3.7: Zero Product Property

Targets:

1. I can use the "Zero Product Property" to solve equations.
2. I can factor equations to help solve them.

Warm Up

Solve for x in the following equations:

1. $3x = 0$
2. $x(3x) = 0$ (hint: do not distribute)

Zero Product Property

Watch the video and take notes here:

1. **Definition of Zero Product Property:** If two numbers a and b are multiplied together and the resulting product is 0, then _____.
 - a. If $a \cdot b = 0$
 - b. Then $a = 0$ or $b = 0$... or both $a = 0$ and $b = 0$
 - c. Solve $x(x - 3) = 0$
2. Solve each equation:
 - a. $4x(x + 5) = 0$
 - b. $(x - 2)(x + 7) = 0$
 - c. $(2x + 3)(5x - 1) = 0$
 - d. $x(x - 1)(6x + 11) = 0$

Practice 1

1. Solve each equation for x :
 - a. $x - 10 = 0$
 - b. $\frac{x}{2} + 20 = 0$
2. Demanding Dwight insists that you give him two solutions to the following equation. Use the Zero Product Property to do so. $(x - 10)(\frac{x}{2} + 20) = 0$
3. Demanding Dwight now wants FIVE solutions to the following equation. Can you provide them?
 $(x - 10)(2x + 6)(x^2 - 36)(x^2 + 10)(\frac{x}{2} + 20) = 0$

Practice 2

Consider the equation: $(x - 4)(x + 3) = 0$

- a. Rewrite the equation as a compound statement.
- b. Find the two solutions to the equation.

Practice 3

Solve the following equation for x . In order to solve for x , your first step must be to factor. What can you take out of each monomial?

$$2x^2 - 10x = 0$$

Practice 4

Solve this equation for x : $x(x - 3) + 5(x - 3) = 0$

Exit Ticket

Solve each equation for x :

1. $(x + 1)(x + 2) = 0$

2. $(3x - 2)(x + 12) = 0$

3. $(x - 3)(x - 3) = 0$

4. $(x + 4)(x - 6)(x - 10) = 0$

5. $x^2 - 6x = 0$

6. $x(x - 5) + 4(x - 5) = 0$